

Assignment 2

Ques1: Design EXOR gate with minimum number of NAND gates?

Ques 2: Show that positive logic NAND gate is negative logic NOR gate?

Ques 3: For a gate with N inputs, how many combinations of inputs are possible? State general rules to obtain the possible combination?

Ques 4: Implement the following expression in AOI logic and then convert them into

a) NAND logic b) NOR logic

(1) $(A + \overline{B}C) + D$

(2) $A + B + \overline{C} \overline{D}$

Ques 5: If one of the inputs to an OR gate is permanently kept 'high' what would be the shape of the output waveform when the remaining inputs are applied?

Ques 6: Show that $A B + A \overline{B} C + B \overline{C} = A C + B \overline{C}$

Ques 7: Distinguish between positive logic and negative logic.

Ques8: Explain De-Morgan's Law.

GURU TEGH BAHADUR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

SEMESTER: 3rd

BRANCHES: ECE,CSE,IT

DLCD

ASSIGNMENT 1

Q1. Convert $(47.25)_{10}$ to

- a) Binary
- b) Octal
- c) Hexadecimal

Q2. Find the value of X when

- a) $(2X)_8 = (34)_x$
- b) $(211)_x = (152)_8$

Q3. Convert $(101011000.1101)_2$ to

- a) Octal
- b) Decimal
- c) Hexadecimal

Q4. Convert the following into gray code and excess-3 code:

- 1) 1101 2) 1010

Q5. Using 1's and 2's complement, perform subtraction $X-Y$ and $Y-X$

Where $X = 1010100$

$Y = 1000011$

Q6. Differentiate

- a) Weighted and Non-Weighted codes
- b) Positive Weighted and Negative Weighted codes
- c) Cyclic and Reflective codes
- d) Straight Binary and 8421 BCD codes
- e) Positive logic and Negative logic

Q7. Using 10's Complement Subtract 52532-3250

Q8. Find Binary equivalent of -16 if number is represented in

- a) Sign Magnitude
- b) 1's complement representation
- c) 2's complement representation

Q9. Justify the following statement:

- 1) Excess-3 code is self complementary code
- 2) Gray code is a reflected code.

Q10. Find the 9's complement of following decimal numbers

- a) 19
- b) 146
- c) 469

GURU TEGH BAHADUR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

SEMESTER: 3rd

BRANCHES: ECE,CSE,IT

DLCD

Assignment 4

Ques 1: Design FULL ADDER using two HALF ADDER? Write its truth table also?

Ques 2: Design FULL SUBTRACTOR using two HALF SUBTRACTOR? Write its truth table also?

Ques 3: Design a combinational circuit with three inputs X, Y and Z & three outputs A, B and C. When the binary input is 0, 1, 2 or 3, the binary outputs is one greater than the input. When the binary input is 4, 5, 6 or 7, the binary output is one less than input?

Ques 4: You are presented with a set of requirements under which an insurance policy can be issued. The applicant must be:

- 1) a married female 25 years old or over , or
- 2) a female under 25 , or
- 3) a married male under 25 who has not been involved in a car accident , or
- 4) a married male under 25 who has been involved in a car accident, or
- 5) a married male 25 year or over who has not been involved in a car accident.

Find an algebraic expression which assumes a value 1 whenever the policy is issued. Simplify the expression obtained.

Ques 5: In an application 4 inputs A, B, C, D are available in true and complement Form .These are fed at a logic circuit which operates a relay. The relay is ON for $ABCD = 0000, 0010, 0101, 0110, 1101$ and 1110 . The states 1000 and 1001 don't occur. For remaining states the relay is OFF.

- a) prepare truth table and minimize outputs F using K map
- b) Realize F using 3 input NAND gates.

DLCD
Assignment 3

Ques 1: Find the values of the two valued variables A , B , C and D by solving the set of simultaneous equations :

$$\bar{A} + A B = 0$$

$$A B = A C$$

$$A B + A \bar{C} + C D = \bar{C} D$$

Ques 2: Simplify logic function using Q – M minimization technique

$$Y(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 1, 3, 7, 8, 9, 11, 15)$$

Ques 3: Simplify the Boolean expression using four variables:

$$w'z + xz + x'y + wx'z$$

Ques 4: Simplify the following Boolean expression using Don't Care in

a) SOP form

b) POS form

$$(1) F(A, B, C, D) = \sum(0, 6, 8, 13, 14)$$

$$(2) d(A, B, C, D) = \sum(2, 4, 10)$$

Ques 5: Simplify the boolean expression:

$$a) F(A, B, C, D) = \Pi(1, 5, 4, 7, 12, 14)$$

$$b) F(A, B, C, D) = \Pi(0, 2, 3, 8)$$